

FY2021 Annual Operating and Capital Budget

Board of Directors Budget Presentation

June 16, 2020



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Agenda

Executive Summary

FY2021 Budget Overview:

- Key Budget Drivers | Inflationary Assumptions

Key Statistical / Growth Indicators

Revenue:

- Key Revenue Assumptions / Payor Mix
- Revenue Trend Analysis

Salaries, Wages, Benefits & FTEs:

- Salaries, Wages, Benefits and FTE Trend Analysis

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- Supplies | Professional Fees | Purchased Services | Other Direct Expense

FY2021 Annual Budget Summary / EBIDA Recap

Three-Year Capital Plan

Five-Year Financial Projections

Executive Summary

The FY2021 budget lays out a plan for the coming fiscal -year that has been designed to keep Palomar Health on a pathway toward achieving the five-year strategic financial and capital plan and incorporated the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic / recovery plan. The plan includes the following:

- EBIDA of \$81.6 million, with growth of \$6.9 million from current projected FY2020 performance
- Continued deployment of capital resources from the 2017 issuance of Certificates of Participation (revenue bonds)
- FY2021 includes the addition of 101 clinical FTEs in key areas to align with current practice, industry standards, and community needs
- Expense management initiatives designed to offset revenue losses associated with lower patient volume and revenue
- Continued focus on key organizational goals regarding clinical excellence /outcomes and patient satisfaction
- Reimbursement enhancement strategies that yield rate increases consistent with annual expense inflation
- Alignment of the operating and capital budgets with our current year and long-term strategic plan objectives

FY2021 Budget – Key Drivers & Overview

Key Budget Drivers

- Strategic Plan alignment including year-over-year EBIDA improvement, which is consistent with the long-range financial and capital plan targets
- Volume projections reflective of the current situation with a slow building back to pre-COVID-19 levels
- Closure of the Downtown Campus in Q1 drives a reduction of overhead expenses and realignment of services to other locations and sale of the real estate assets in FY2021
- Opening of the expanded Crisis Stabilization Unit and restructured staffing models in the Emergency Department are both designed to better serve the Behavioral Health population
- Opportunity to minimize supply inflation, via strategic purchasing initiatives and vendor renegotiation, is offset by increasing costs driven by PPE shortages
- Salary and wage increases in alignment with the provisions of the current labor union agreements and market dynamics
- Reimbursement pressures driven by industry / payor relationships offset by revenue capture improvement initiatives in revenue cycle and contracting strategies

Inflationary Assumptions

- FY2021 budget is based on industry-wide expectations, though the COVID-19 pandemic increases the risk of greater supply inflation for PPE
- Palomar Health will continue to focus on standardizing high cost physician preference products to offset COVID-19 related increases

Healthcare Industry Inflation Comparison

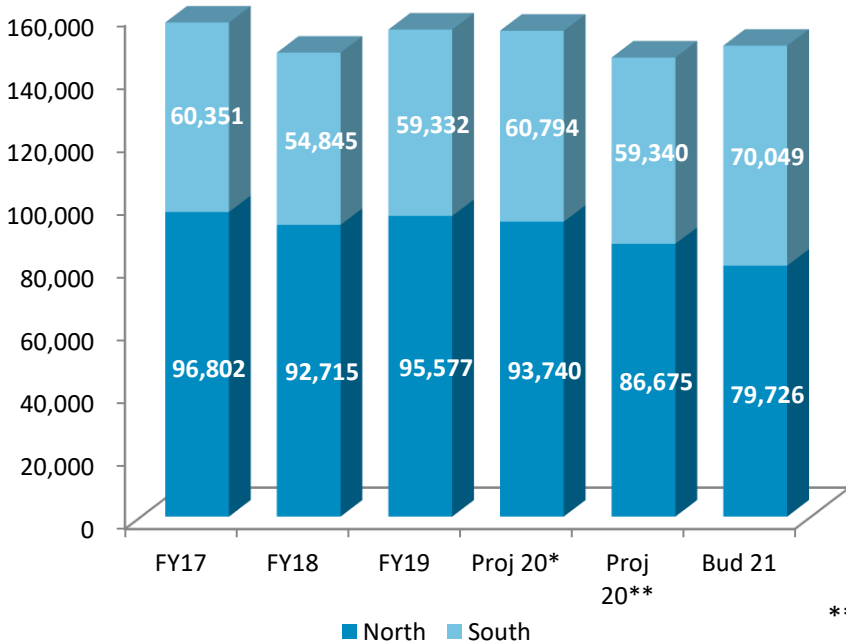
| Category / Expense | FY2021 Budget | Industry Expectation |
|--|---------------|----------------------|
| Implants | 0.5% | 0-1.3% |
| General Surgery Supplies | 0.5% | 0.5% |
| Surgical Needles | 0.5% | 0.5% |
| Oxygen – Gas | 4.8% | 4.8% |
| IV Solutions | 2.5% | 2.5% |
| Pharmaceuticals | 3.6% | 3.0-3.9% |
| Radioactive and X-Ray Material | 2.0% | 0-4.0% |
| Other Medical | 0.5% | 0.5% |
| Food | 3.0% | 3.0% |
| Linen | 0.7% | 0.7% |
| All Other: Cleaning, Forms, Office, Uniforms | 0-2.6% | 1.0% |

Key Statistical Indicators

Key Statistical Indicators | Inpatient

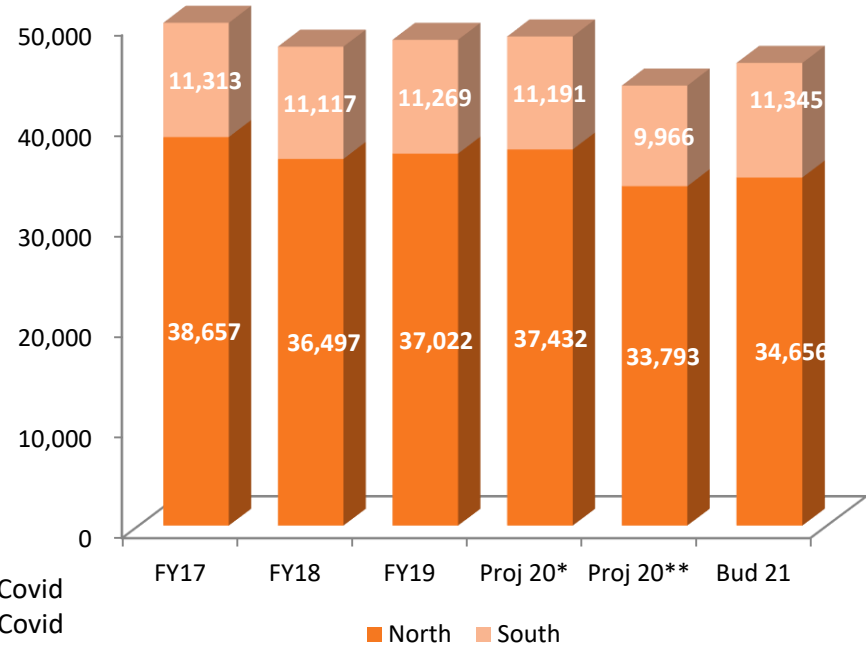
Total Patient Days

FY2021 budgeted patient days are decreasing by 3.1% over the pre-COVID-19 projection for the current year



Adjusted Discharges (Incl. SNF)

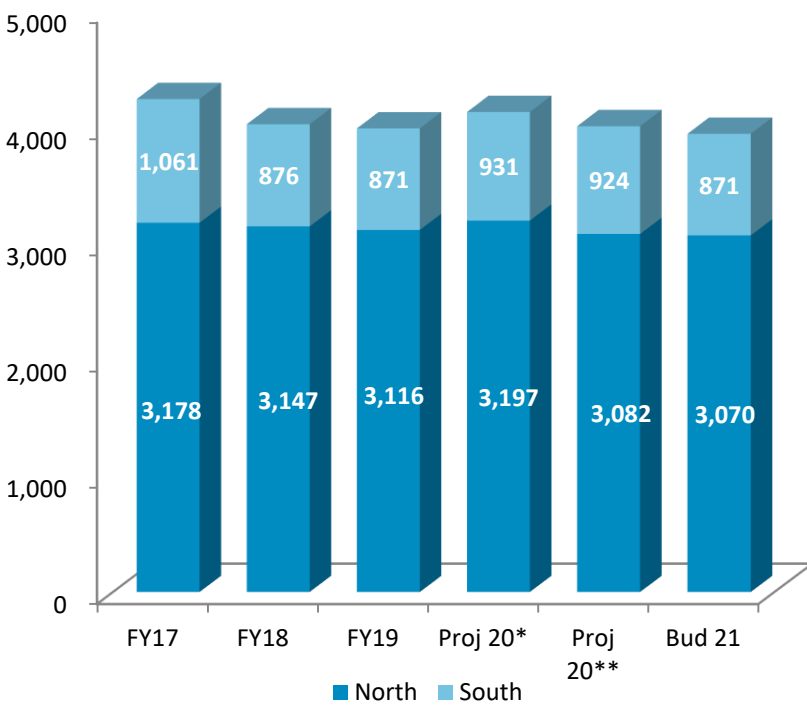
FY2021 adjusted discharges are decreasing by 2,622 discharges, or 5.4%, year-over-year



Key Statistical Indicators | Inpatient

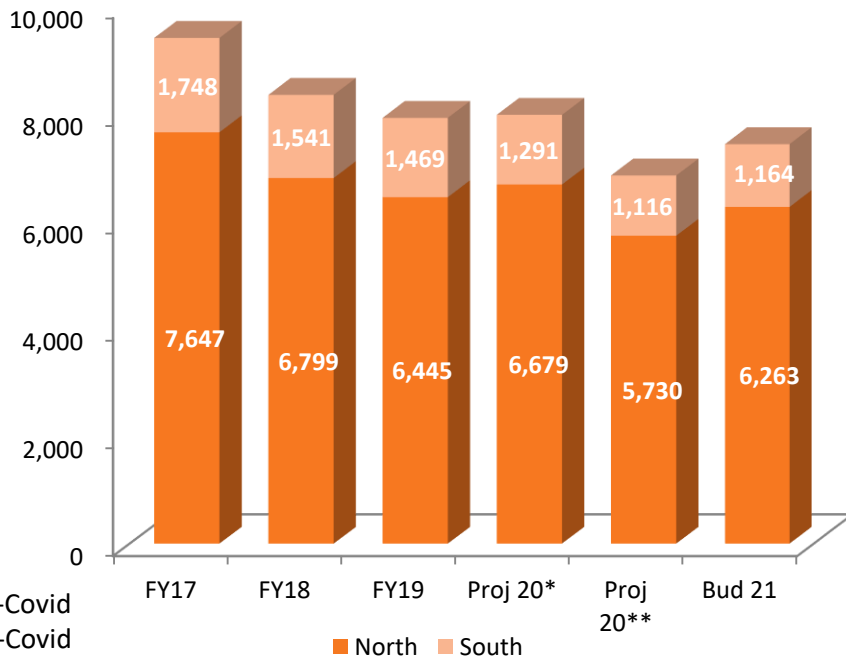
Deliveries

FY2021 deliveries are decreasing 4.5% based on current year trends



Surgeries

FY2021 inpatient surgeries are decreasing by 6.8%, based on the anticipated COVID-19 impact on Q1 volumes



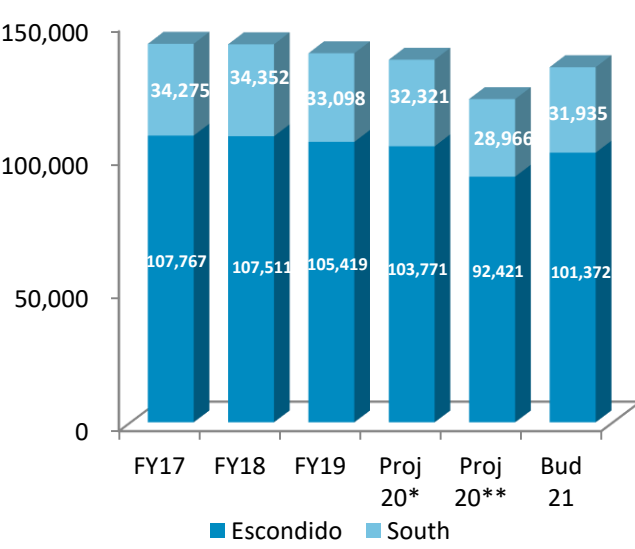
*Pre-Covid
**Post-Covid

Key Statistical Indicators | Outpatient

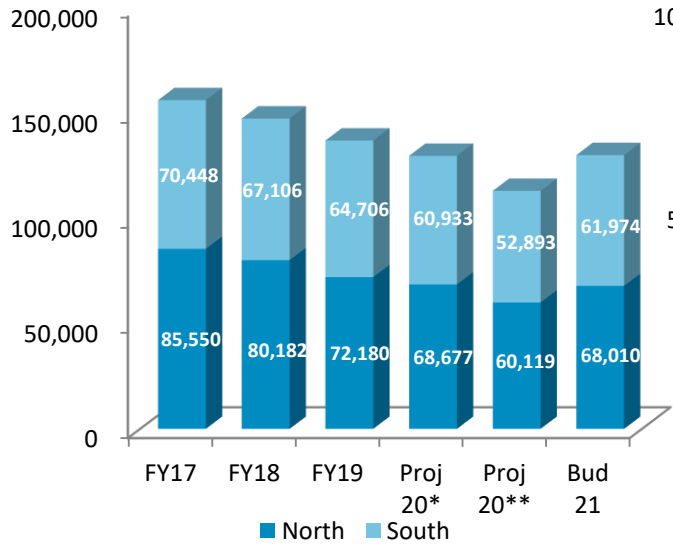
Outpatient Services

- Emergency Department visits are decreasing by 2,785, or 2%, to align with industry expectations related to COVID-19
- Outpatient registrations are relatively flat year over year as planned growth in Infusion Services and the Crisis Stabilization Unit offsets lower volume in the first quarter
- Outpatient surgeries are relatively flat as regulatory requirements shift cases from the inpatient setting

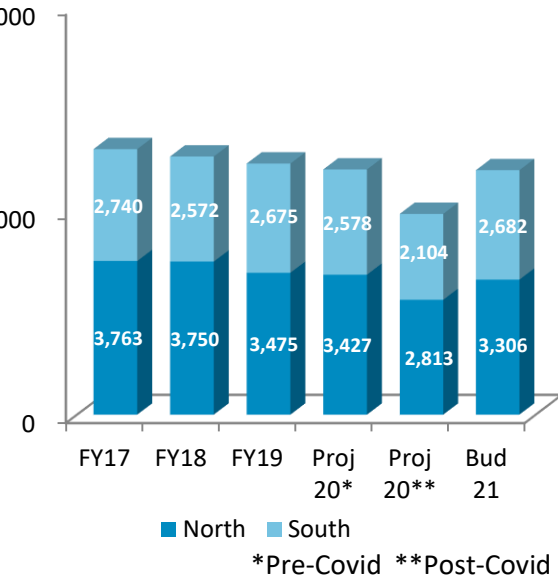
Emergency Visits



Outpatient Registration



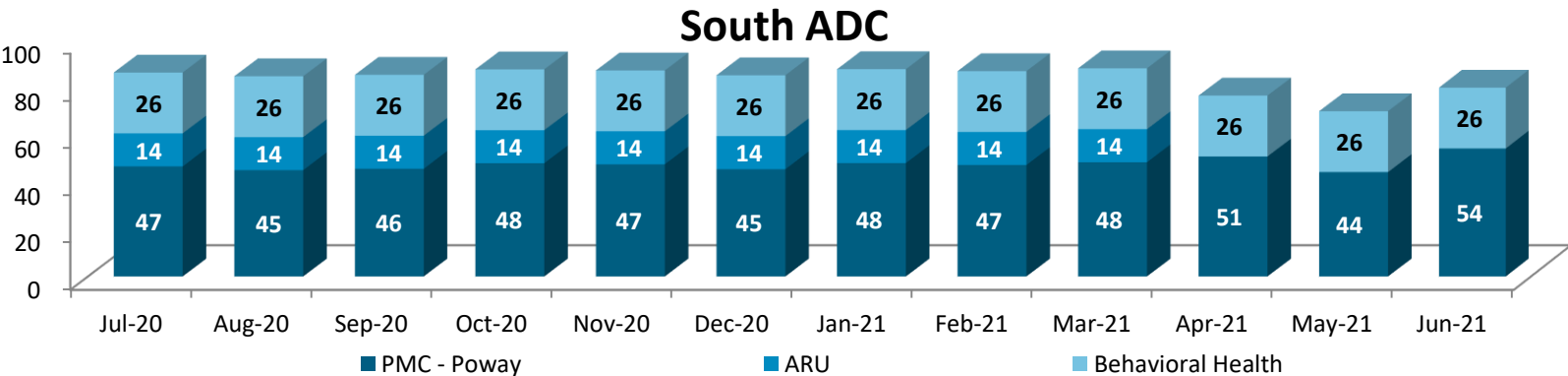
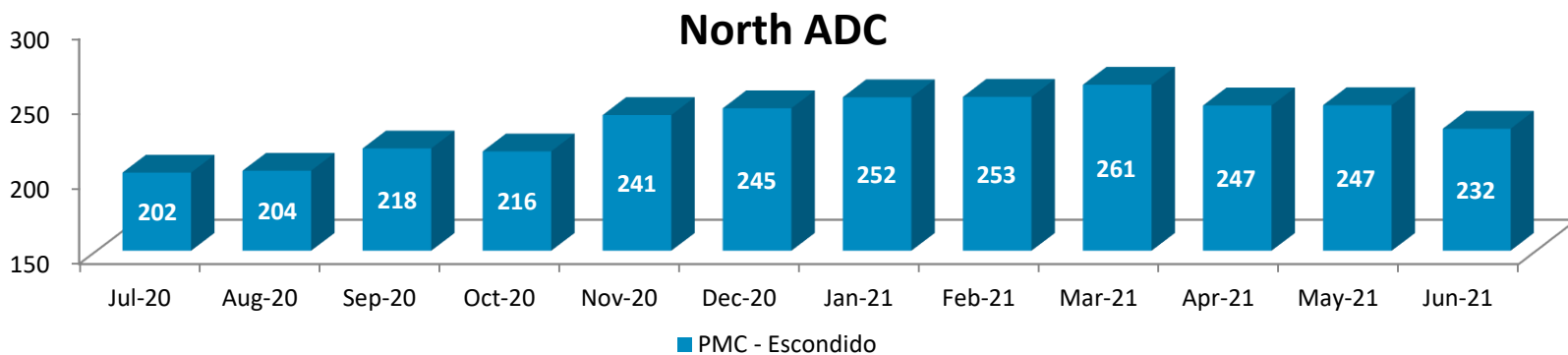
Outpatient Surgery



*Pre-Covid **Post-Covid

Key Statistical Indicators | ADC by Month

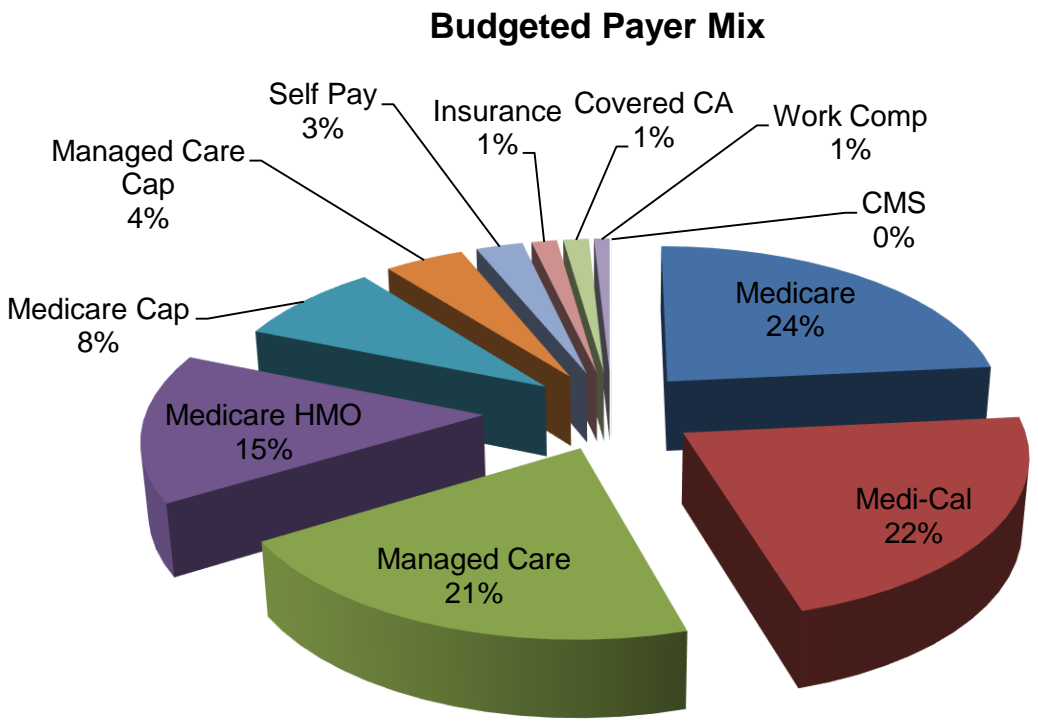
- Patient days are expected to begin the fiscal year low and slowly increase due to the COVID-19 pandemic
- The Average Daily Census at Poway is driven by the movement of services from the Downtown Campus



Revenue

Key Revenue Considerations

| Payor Category | Total Charges (\$000s) |
|------------------|------------------------|
| Medicare | \$ 1,050,383 |
| Medi-Cal | \$ 986,055 |
| Managed Care | \$ 932,651 |
| Medicare HMO | \$ 668,081 |
| Medicare Cap | \$ 367,503 |
| Managed Care Cap | \$ 195,796 |
| Self Pay | \$ 115,576 |
| Insurance | \$ 62,551 |
| Covered CA | \$ 62,418 |
| Work Comp | \$ 38,528 |
| CMS | \$ 250 |
| Total | \$ 4,479,792 |



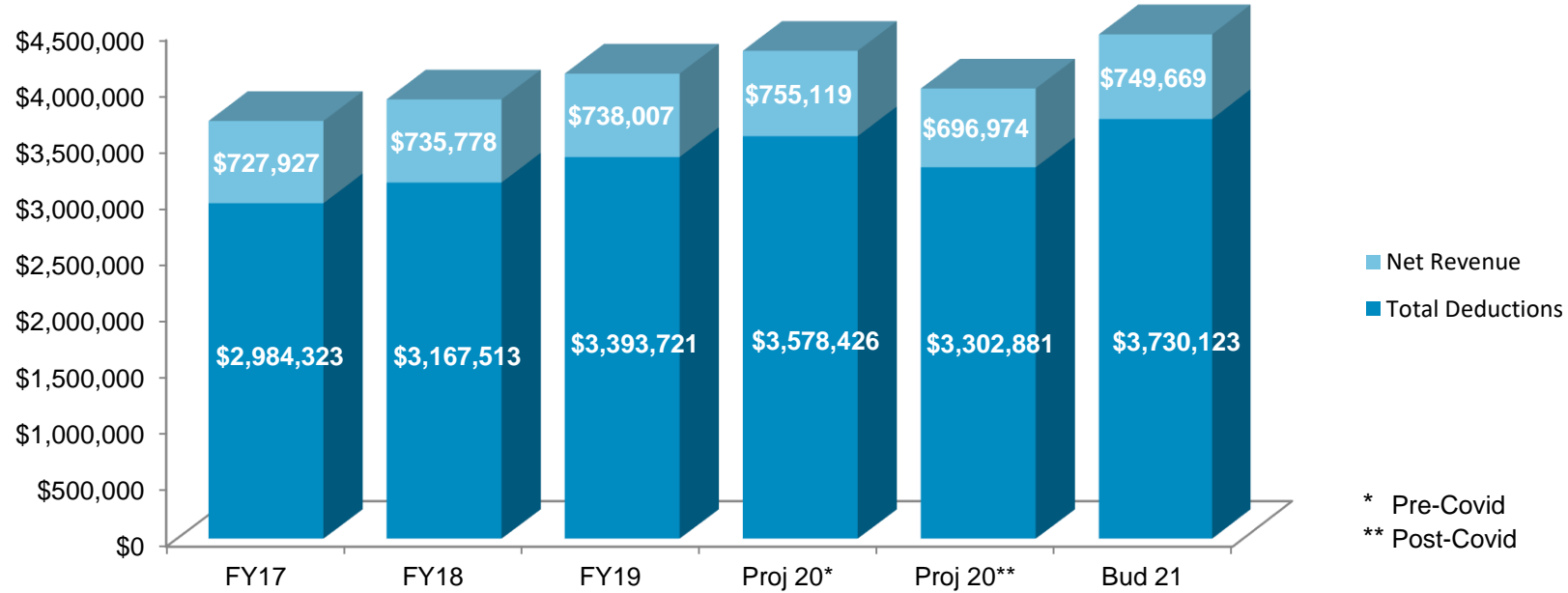
Assumptions

- 6.2% overall effective rate increase (targeted 6.75%)
- FY2021 bad debt and uncompensated care 1.9%; FY2020 Budget = 1.7%
- Climbing unemployment rates are expected to increase bad debt

Revenue Trend Analysis

Net revenue is relatively flat year-over-year

Gross Charges and Net Revenue (\$000s)



| | | | | | | |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------------|
| \$ 2,984,323 | \$ 3,167,513 | \$ 3,393,721 | \$ 3,578,426 | \$ 3,302,881 | \$ 3,730,123 | Total Deductions* |
| \$ 727,927 | \$ 735,778 | \$ 738,007 | \$ 755,119 | \$ 696,974 | \$ 749,669 | Net Revenue |
| \$ 3,712,250 | \$ 3,903,290 | \$ 4,131,728 | \$ 4,333,546 | \$ 3,999,855 | \$ 4,479,792 | Total Gross Revenue |

*Deductions include net capitation impact

Salaries, Wages, Benefits & FTEs

Labor Assumptions

The FY2021 Operational Budget reflects a concerted effort to align labor expenses with revenue projections in a post-COVID-19 environment. Key drivers of labor assumptions:

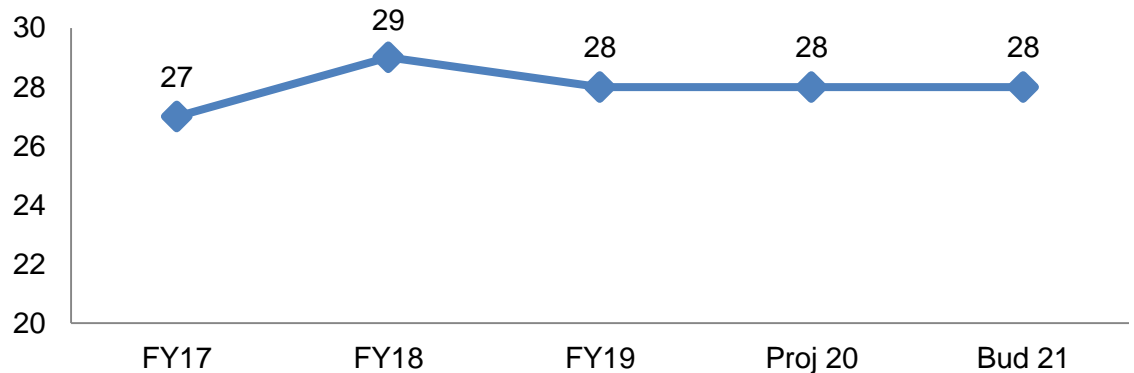
- Includes the addition of 101 clinical FTEs in key areas to align with current practice, industry standards, and community needs
- Maintains focus on staff education to support operational initiatives around quality improvement, patient satisfaction, and technology implementation
- Restructures support and ancillary services to respond to the expected local volume
- Integrates strategic initiatives to improve patient placement, throughput, and productivity
- Relocates services from the Downtown Campus to Escondido and Poway, preventing interruption of services to the community
- Increases staffing in the Crisis Stabilization Unit and Behavioral Health Units to meet the growing demand for these services in the community

Labor Analysis | FTEs

| FY2021 Budgeted FTE Roll Forward | FTEs |
|---|--------------|
| FY2020 Paid FTEs (as of 2/29/2020) | 3,676 |
| RIF & Volume-Related Changes | (141) |
| Downtown Campus Closure | (72) |
| Operational Efficiencies | 11 |
| Clinical FTE Additions | 101 |
| FY2021 Paid FTE's | 3,575 |

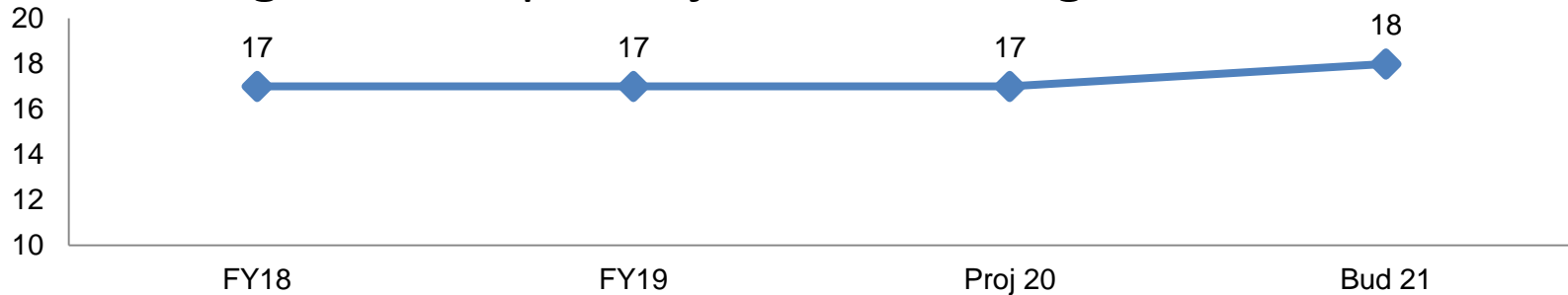
FTEs per Adjusted Discharge (Incl. SNF)

Even with targeted additions, FTEs are relatively flat year over year on a per adjusted discharges basis

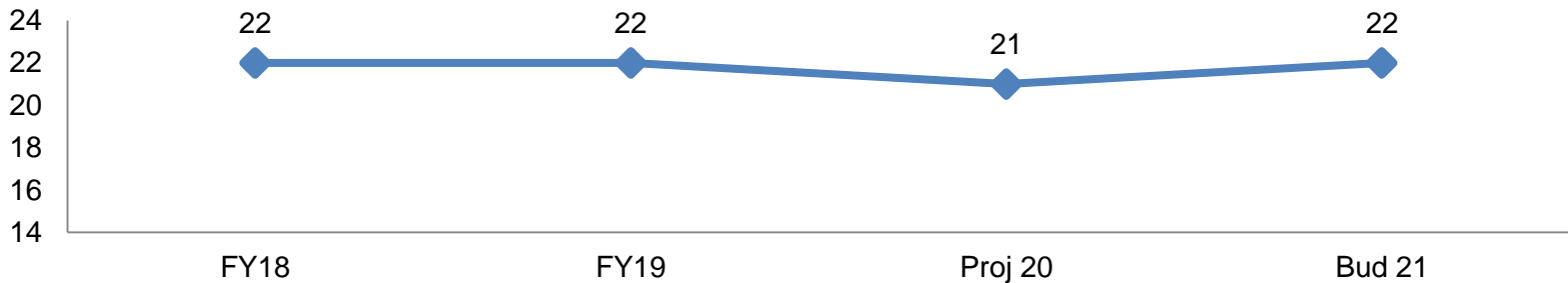


Labor Analysis | Direct Caregiver FTEs

Direct Caregiver FTEs per Adjusted Discharge



Direct Caregiver FTEs per Adjusted Discharge (Incl. support)

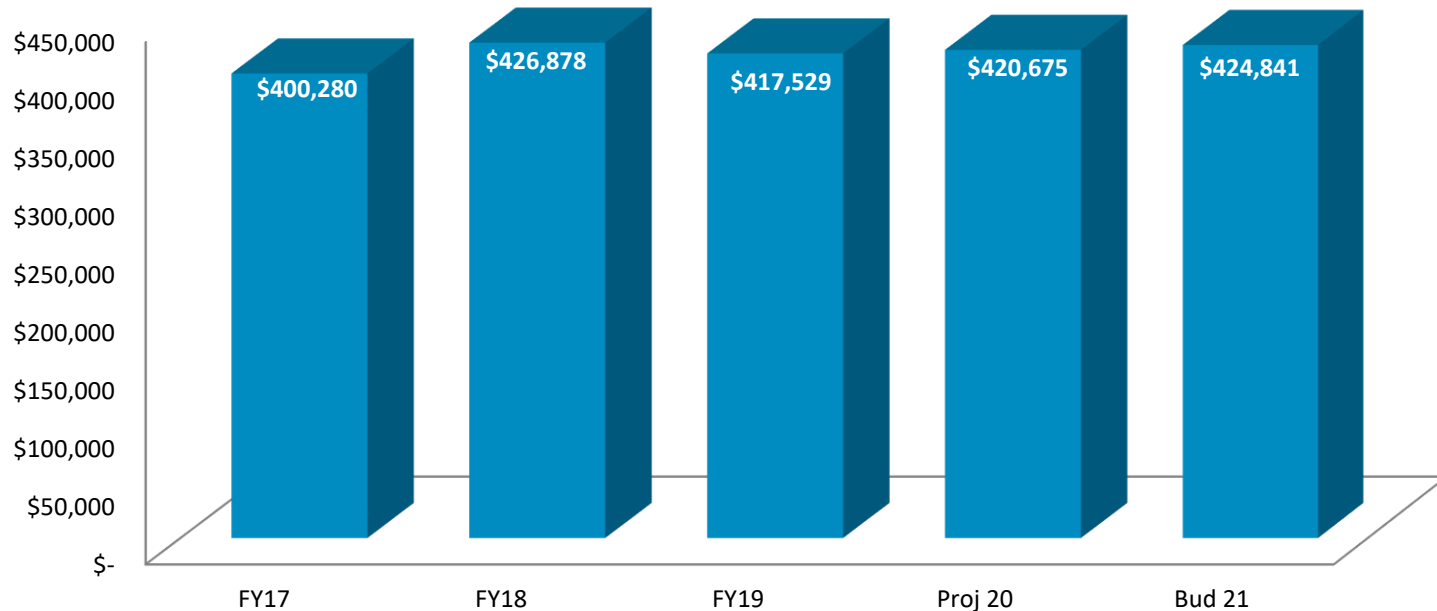


- Direct caregiver FTEs per adjusted discharge increase over current year projections
- Planned decreases in contract labor, overtime, and premium pay hours are incorporated into the FY2021 Budget

Labor Analysis | Salaries, Wages & Benefits

- FY2021 total Salaries, Wages, Contract Labor, and Benefits are increasing by \$4.2 million or 1%
- Salary and benefit increases are offset by position reductions, as well as improvements in premium pay and contract labor over current year

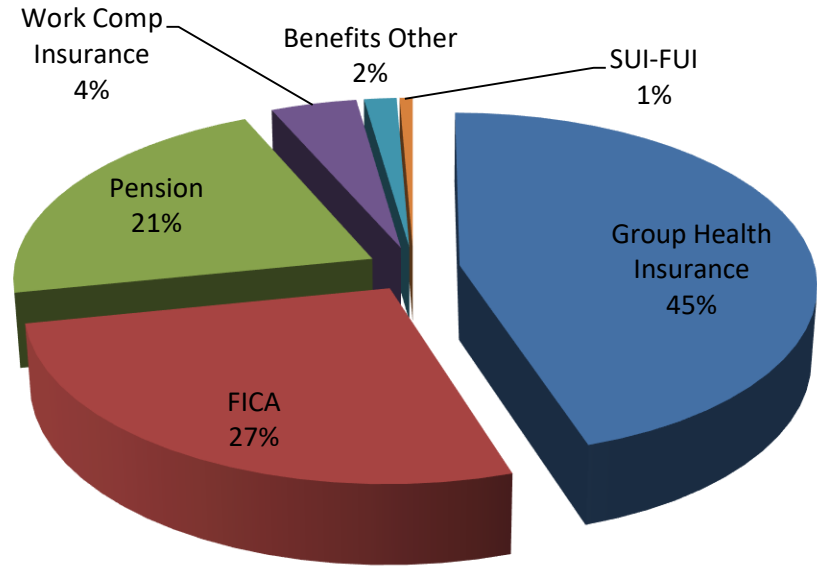
Total Salaries, Wages & Benefits (\$000s)



Labor Analysis | Benefits (Excl. PTO)

| Type of Benefit | % to Total Benefits |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Group Health Insurance | 45% |
| FICA | 27% |
| Pension | 21% |
| Workers' Compensation Insurance | 4% |
| Benefits Other | 2% |
| SUI-FUI | 1% |
| Total Benefit Spend (\$000s) | 90,839 |

Labor Benefits Analysis



Significant Impacts

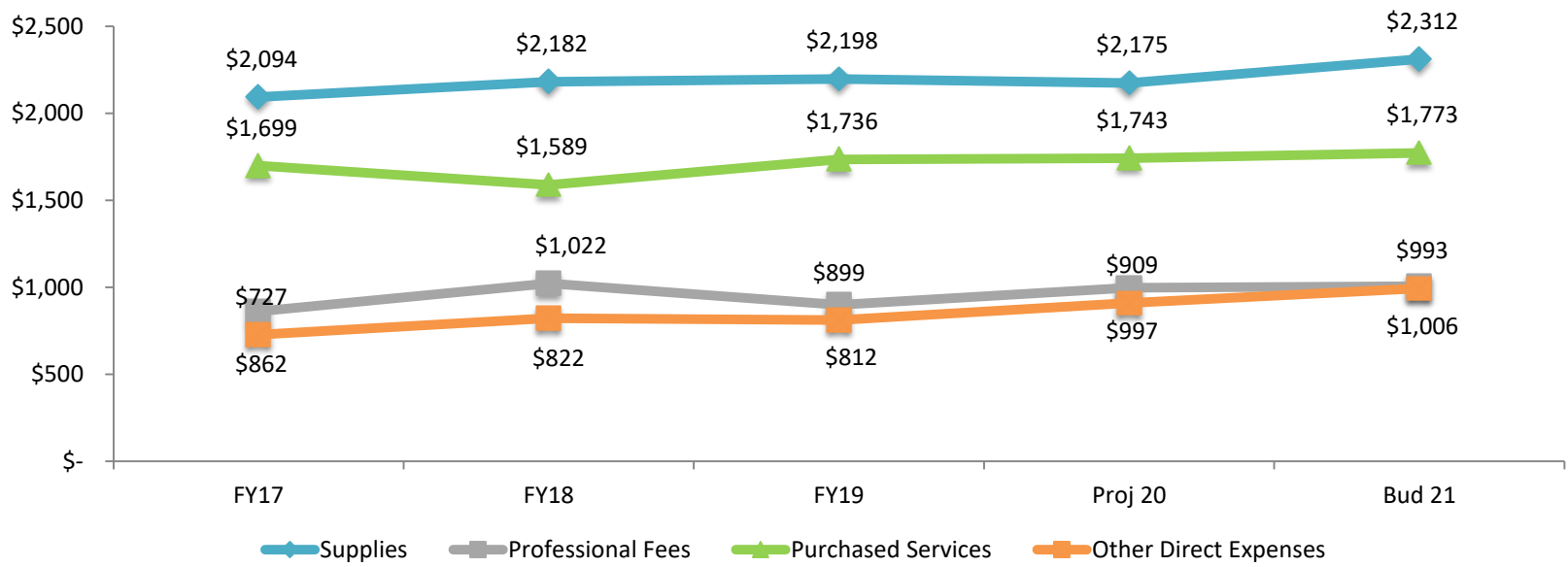
- Group health insurance expenses are flat year-over-year
- FICA, Pension, and Workers' Compensation are all increasing in proportion with salaries

Non Labor Analysis

Non Labor Analysis | Summary

- FY2021 Non Labor expense is decreasing \$3.7 million or 1.1%, due to several targeted initiatives to reduce overhead expenses
- Despite an overall reduction, Non Labor expense is increasing by 3.9% on a per adjusted discharge basis compared to pre-COVID-19 projections, due to lower adjusted discharges

Trended Non Labor Expense per Adjusted Discharge (\$000s)

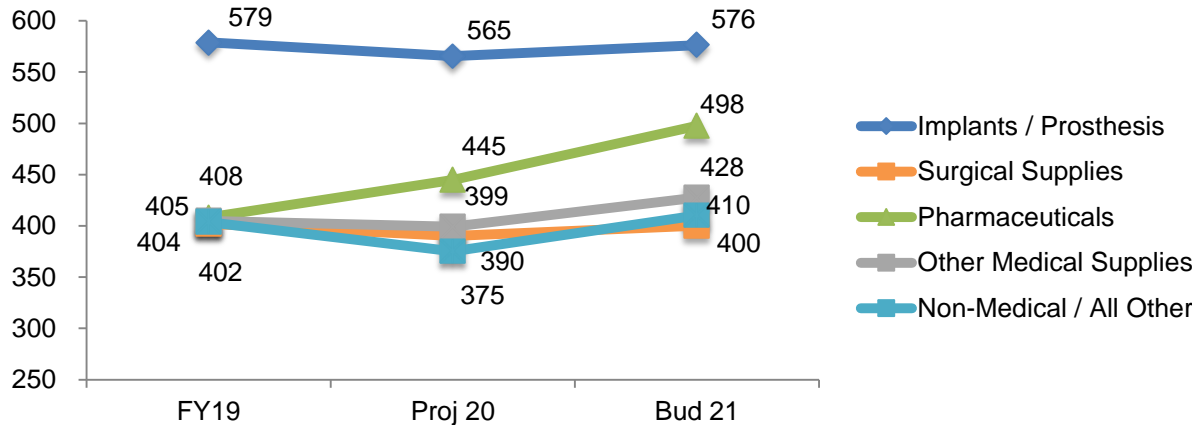


Non Labor Analysis | Supplies

| FY2021 Supply Roll Forward | Expense (\$000s) |
|--|------------------|
| FY2020 Supply Expense (Dec 2019 Projection) | \$105,751 |
| Changes due to Volume and Utilization | 586 |
| Inflationary increases due to COVID-19 | 1,400 |
| Supply Reduction Initiatives | (1,400) |
| FY2021 Budgeted Supply Expense | \$106,337 |

Supplies per Adjusted Discharge (Incl. SNF)

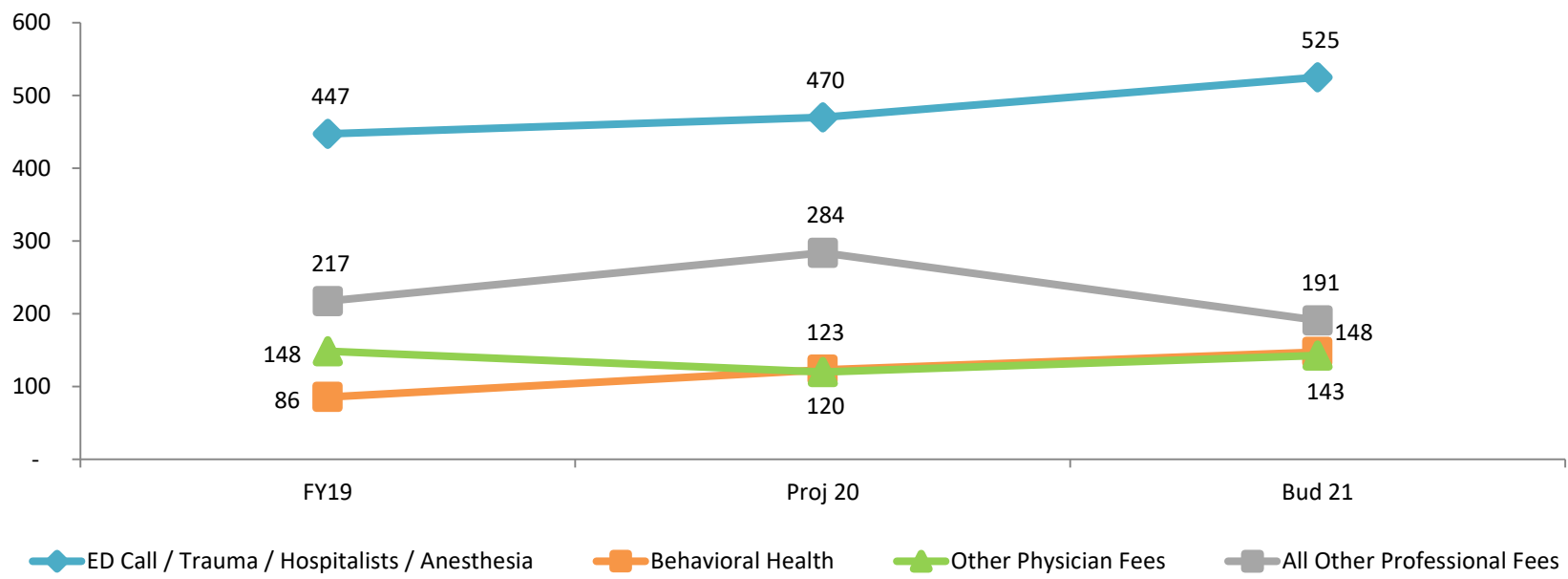
Supply management efforts and reduction initiatives totaling \$1.4 million are helping to offset projected increases in cost due to COVID-19



Non Labor Analysis | Professional Fees

- FY2021 Professional Fees are decreasing by \$2.2 million or 4.5%
- Reductions in legal, consulting, and management fees are offsetting increasing annual increases in physician contracts

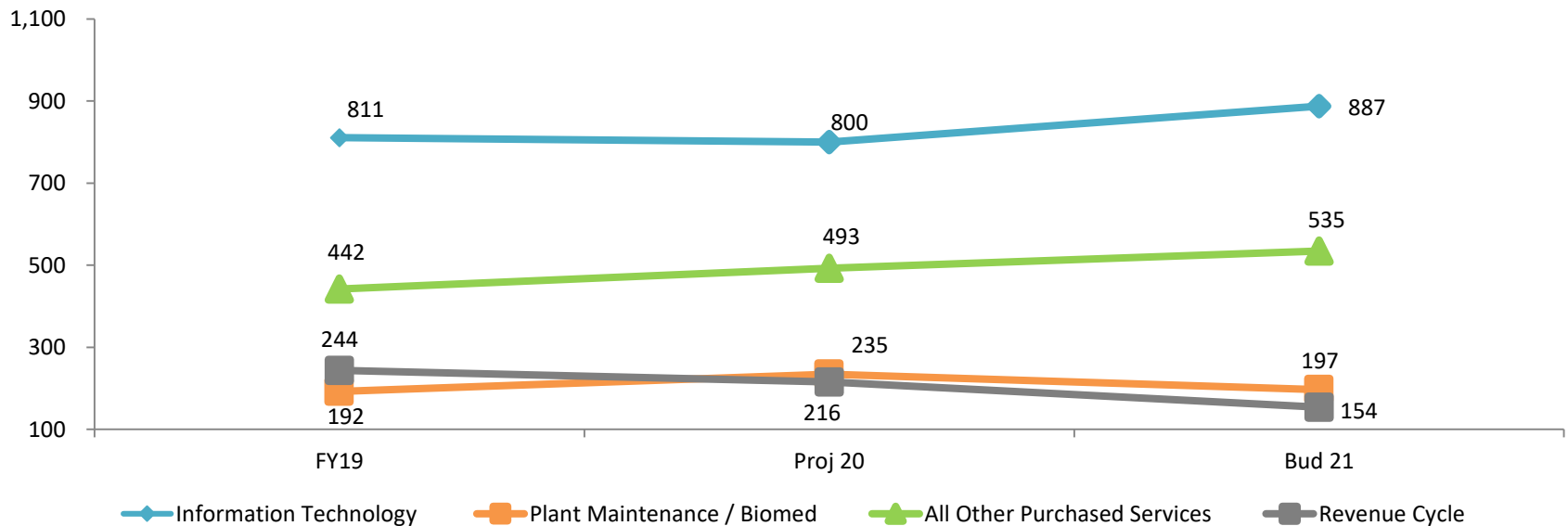
Professional Fees per Adjusted Discharge (Incl. SNF)



Non Labor Analysis | Purchased Services

- FY2021 Purchased Services are decreasing by \$3.2 million or 3.8%, year over year
- Increases in Information Technology are offset by reductions in Revenue Cycle, Facilities, and Marketing

Purchased Services per Adjusted Discharge (Incl. SNF)



Purchased Services | IT Roadmap

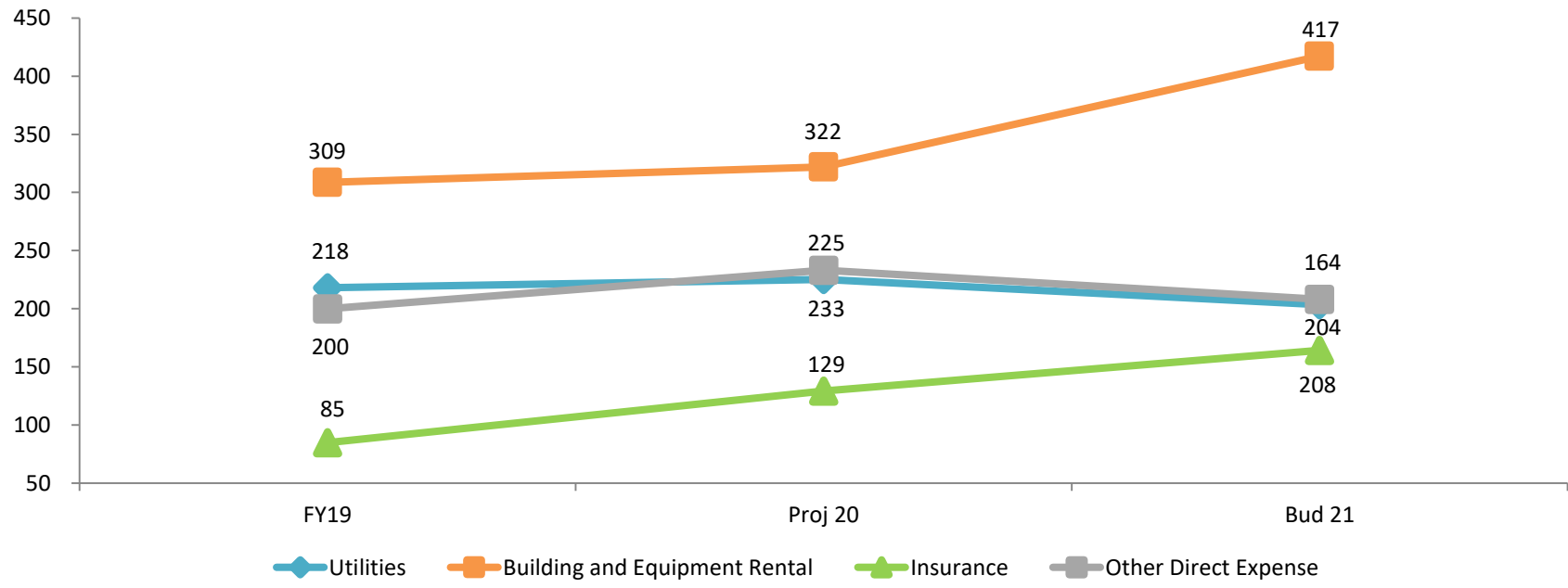
| FY2020 Accomplishments | |
|--|-----------------------------------|
| Cerner Clarity Upgrade to 2018 Code | McKesson PACS Upgrade |
| Physician to Patient systems / Patient to Family tools | BD Pyxis Upgrade |
| ACR Select Radiology Decision Support Phase I (ED) | Muse Cardiology System Upgrade |
| Olive Artificial Intelligence for Revenue Cycle | Mobile Device Manager Install |
| Cerner Power Chart Specimen Collection Install | Telecom SIP to VOIP Phone Upgrade |
| Health Grades Rollout | Downtown Campus Move |

| FY2021 Planned Projects | |
|---|--|
| Patient Safe Implementation @ PMC Poway | Physician Results Distribution Standardization |
| ATT FirstNet Public Safety Call System | Viz AI Stroke Program |
| Enhanced Network Security | TeleTracking Upgrade |
| Network Infrastructure Upgrades | Anesthesia Documentation System |
| Alaris Infusion Smart Pump Integration | E-Prescribing of Controlled Substances |
| Radimetrics Infusion Dosing | SMP Sterile Processing System Install |

Non Labor Analysis | Other Direct Expense

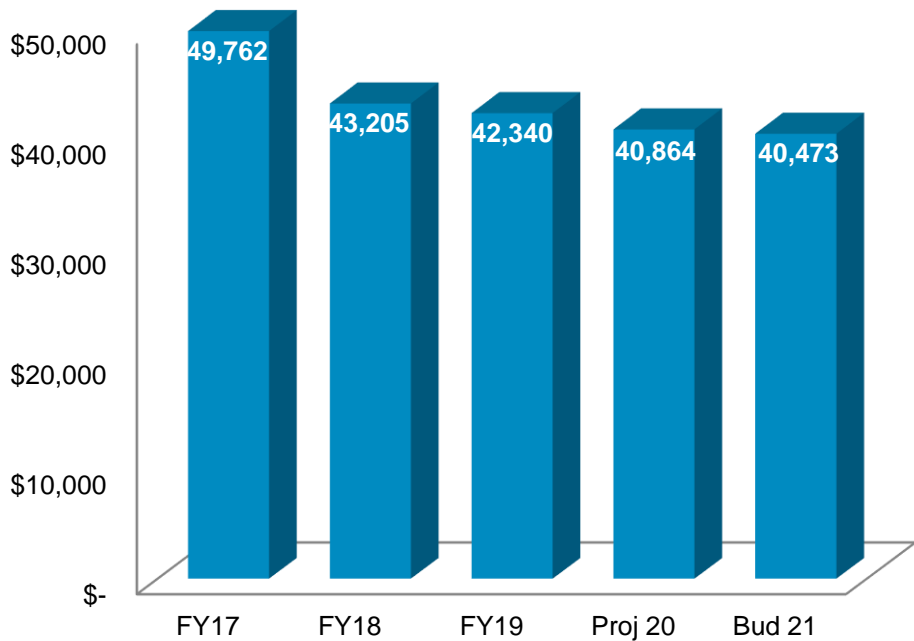
- FY2021 Budgeted Other Direct Expense is increasing by \$1.5 million or 3.3%
- Increases are primarily driven by rental expenses and insurance, while utilities decrease with the closure of the Downtown Campus

Other Direct Expense per Adjusted Discharge (Incl. SNF)

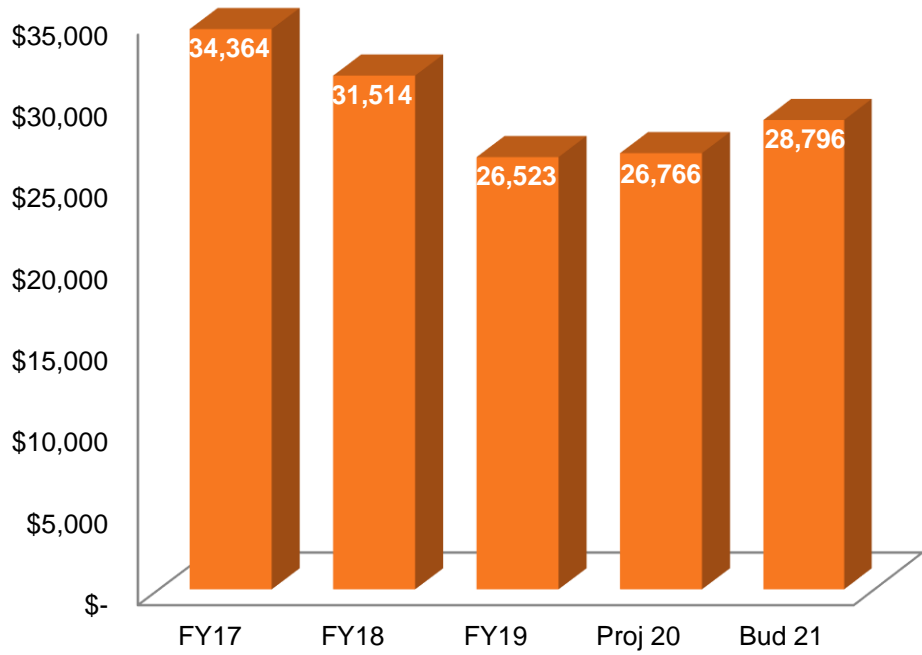


Depreciation and Interest Expense

Depreciation Expense (\$000s)



*** Interest Expense (\$000s)**



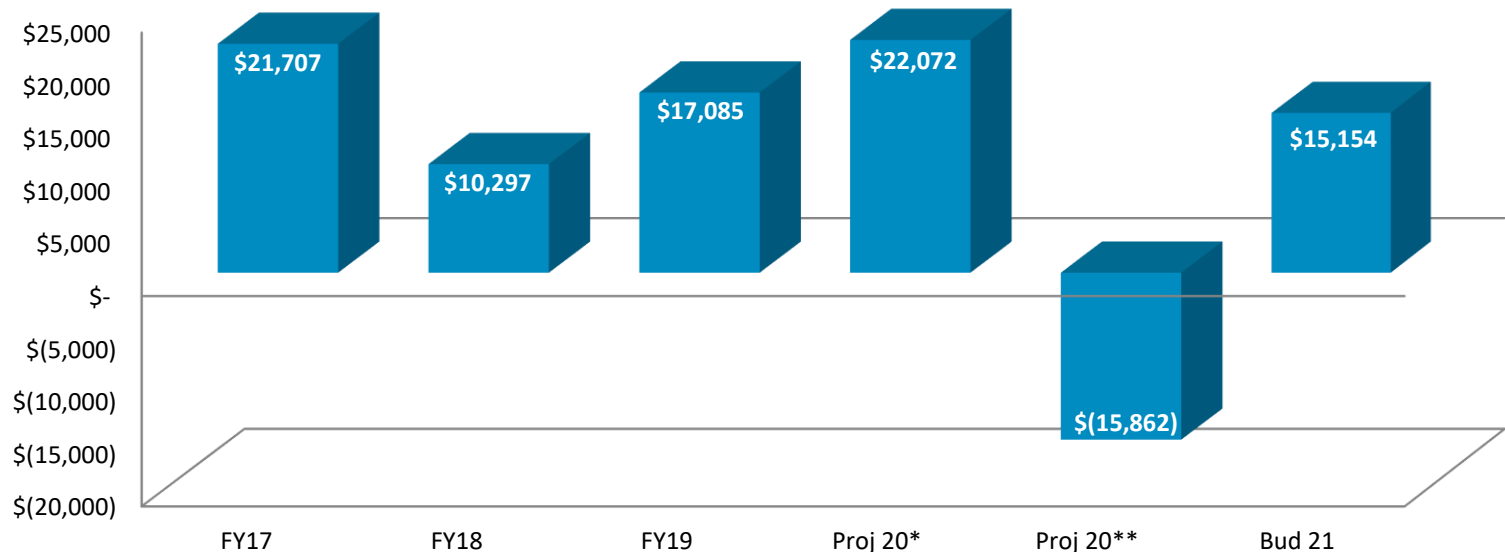
*Interest expense reflected for Revenue Bonds only

Annual Operating Budget Summary & EBIDA Recap

Income from Operations

- Though FY2021 Income from Operations is decreasing by \$6.9 million from pre-COVID-19 projections, it represents a \$31.0 million improvement from expected FY2020 year-end results
- The increase is driven through significant focus on aligning expenses with volume

Income from Operations (\$000s)



*Pre-Covid
**Post-Covid

Annual Operating Budget Summary and Trend

| | FY2019 Results | FY2020 Projection (Pre-COVID) | FY2020 Projection (Post-COVID) | FY2021 Budget |
|--|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Revenue: | | | | |
| Net Revenue | 738,007,078 | 755,119,472 | 696,973,873 | 749,668,707 |
| Other Operating Revenue | 11,477,276 | 11,666,144 | 9,980,585 | 10,660,164 |
| Total Operating Revenue | \$ 749,484,354 | \$ 766,785,616 | \$ 706,954,458 | \$ 760,328,871 |
| Expenses: | | | | |
| Salaries, Wages, Registry, Benefits | 417,529,146 | 420,675,159 | 406,439,149 | 424,841,015 |
| Supplies | 106,120,524 | 105,751,361 | 101,643,172 | 106,336,558 |
| Depreciation | 42,340,412 | 40,864,290 | 41,619,579 | 40,473,266 |
| Other | 166,408,813 | 177,422,991 | 173,114,315 | 173,523,622 |
| Total Operating Expense | \$ 732,398,895 | \$ 744,713,801 | \$ 722,816,215 | \$ 745,174,461 |
| Operating Income | 17,085,459 | 22,071,815 | (15,861,756) | 15,154,410 |
| Non-Operating Income (Loss) | (1,275,601) | 4,045,525 | 31,038,763 | 8,117,775 |
| (Interest Expense) | (26,523,316) | (26,766,313) | (27,614,816) | (28,795,592) |
| Unrealized (loss) gain on interest rate swap | (6,569,730) | - | - | - |
| Property Tax Revenue | 17,608,947 | 17,802,717 | 17,900,001 | 17,900,000 |
| Income (Loss) | \$ 325,759 | \$ 17,153,744 | \$ 5,462,193 | \$ 12,376,593 |
| Foundation Support | 16,569,000 | 18,232,012 | 18,232,012 | 21,988,000 |
| Net Margin % | 0.0% | 2.2% | 0.8% | 1.6% |
| OEBIDA Margin (Excl. Property Tax Rev) | 7.9% | 8.2% | 3.6% | 7.3% |
| OEBIDA Margin (Incl. Property Tax Rev) | 10.3% | 10.5% | 6.2% | 9.7% |
| EBIDA Margin | 10.1% | 11.1% | 10.6% | 10.7% |
| Total Uncompensated Care & Bad Debt | 70,688,405 | 84,150,504 | 77,886,208 | 86,481,710 |
| Total Uncompensated Care as % of Gross | 1.71% | 1.94% | 1.94% | 1.93% |

FY2021 EBIDA Recap (\$000s)

| | FY2019 Results | FY2020 Projection (Pre-COVID) | FY2020 Projection (Post-COVID) | FY2021 Budget |
|--|-------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------|
| Net Income from Ops (Excl. Interest Expense) | 17,085 | 22,072 | (15,862) | 15,154 |
| Depreciation Expense | 42,340 | 40,864 | 41,620 | 40,473 |
| OEBIDA | \$ 59,426 | \$ 62,936 | \$ 25,758 | \$ 55,628 |
| OEBIDA Margin (Excl. Property Tax Rev) | 7.9% | 8.2% | 3.6% | 7.3% |
| OEBIDA Margin (Incl. Property Tax Rev) | 10.3% | 10.5% | 6.2% | 9.7% |
| EBIDA | 75,759 | 84,784 | 74,697 | 81,645 |
| EBIDA Margin | 10.1% | 11.1% | 10.6% | 10.7% |
| Total Uncompensated Care & Bad Debt | 70,688 | 84,151 | 77,886 | 86,482 |
| Total Uncompensated Care as % of Gross | 1.71% | 1.94% | 1.94% | 1.93% |
| Net Income / (Loss) after Non-Op Income | \$ 326 | \$ 17,154 | \$ 5,462 | \$ 12,377 |

Capital Plan

Capital Plan | Three-Year Planning Process

During the preparation of the three-year plan, capital priorities were based on:

- Equipment reaching end of useful life
- Organizational strategic initiatives and expansion of services in the community
- Enhancing the IT capabilities of the organization to improve physician, staff, and patient experience
- Deploying capital across the entire district
- Balancing the needs vs. resources of the organization

Funding sources for capital projects include:

- Proceeds from 2017 Certificates of Participation (COP) issuance
- Cash from operations
- Foundation fundraising

Capital Plan | Three-Year Summary

Three-Year Capital Budget Summary (\$000s)

| | FY2021 | FY2022 | FY2023 | Total Project Spend |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|------------------------|
| Funded by Operations: | | | | |
| Equipment | 1,500 | 2,500 | 3,500 | 7,500 |
| Facilities | 3,500 | 3,500 | 5,000 | 12,000 |
| IT | 3,165 | 4,000 | 4,500 | 11,665 |
| Strategic Service Line | 1,000 | 2,000 | 7,500 | 10,500 |
| Outpatient Strategy | 3,000 | 9,000 | - | 12,000 |
| Other | 1,680 | - | - | 1,680 |
| Subtotal | 13,845 | 21,000 | 20,500 | 55,345 |
| Capital from Restricted Funds: | | | | |
| Escondido 9th Floor Build-out | 5,000 | 9,000 | 6,000 | 20,000 |
| Poway Renovation | 3,550 | - | - | 3,550 |
| NICU Expansion - Escondido | 1,250 | - | - | 1,250 |
| Other | 3,900 | - | - | 3,900 |
| Subtotal | 13,700 | 9,000 | 6,000 | 28,700 |
| Funded by Foundation: | 2,500 | 1,000 | - | 3,500 |
| Total | 30,045 | 31,000 | 26,500 | 87,545 |

FY2021 Budget Summary & Key Take-Aways

Summary

➔ FY2021 Budget is an achievable plan, given the current assumptions related to the COVID-19 pandemic. It aligns with Palomar Health's Strategic Financial & Capital Plan and will require success in the following areas:

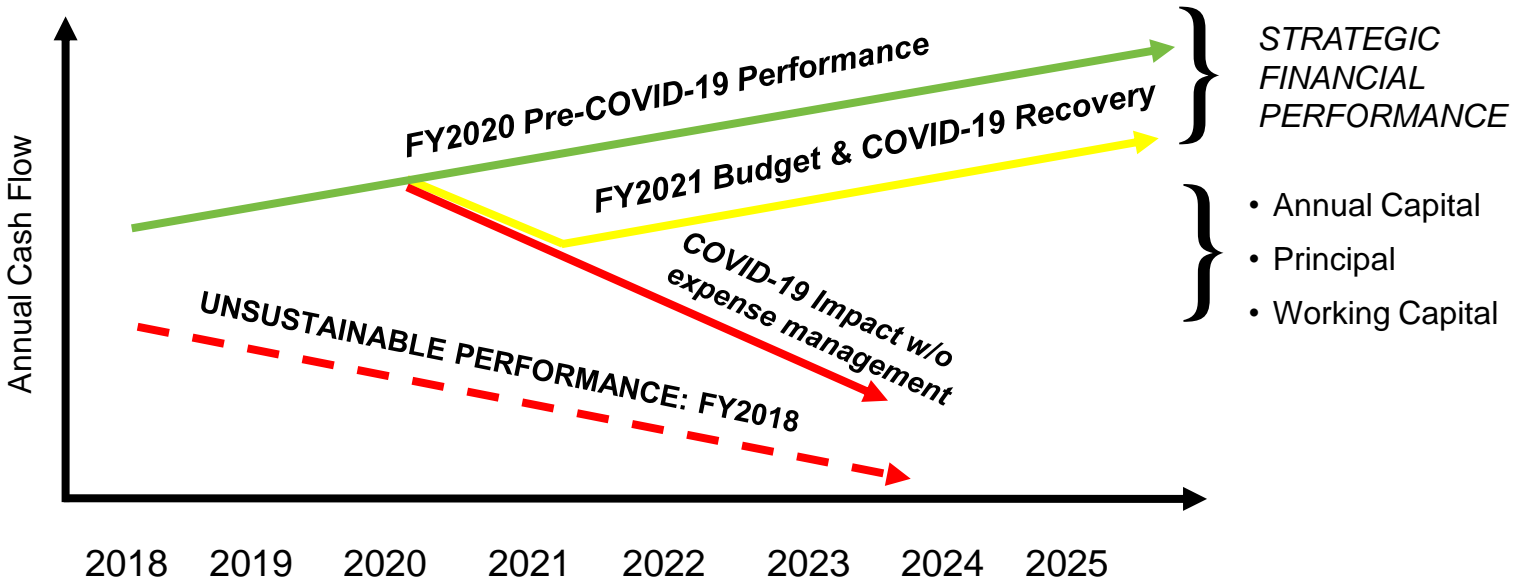
- Fully reopening the operating rooms and outpatient services to return patient volumes to pre-COVID-19 levels by Q2
- Sale and closure of Palomar Medical Center Downtown Escondido
- Continued focus and implementation of initiatives to manage variable expenses which align with fluctuating volume levels resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic
- Partnership with San Diego County to plan and provide services for the growing Behavioral Health population

➔ Successful Execution will result in:

- Enable Palomar Health to recover from the financial impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and successfully operate in the post-COVID-19 environment
- Deployment of sufficient capital to meet the needs of the organization and continued improvement of liquidity
- Continued improvements in clinical excellence and patient satisfaction
- Net income and EBIDA improvement of \$6.9 million over post-COVID-19 FY2020 projections; operating income improvement of \$31.0 million; EBIDA of \$81.6 million

Five-Year Financial Projections

Five-Year Financial Projections



Palomar Health needs a sound financial strategy in order to:

- Deploy sufficient capital to support the strategic plan and development / expansion of services
- Adjust capacity to serve the changing needs of the community in a post-COVID-19 environment
- Continue the development of a fully integrated health delivery system
- Fund sufficient capital to replace aging equipment and renovate facilities
- Continue to improve key liquidity ratios and achieve investment level ratings for all the rating agencies

Five-Year Financial Projections

| Ratio/Statistic (in thousands) | Audit | | Targeted | Projection Years | | | | |
|---|------------|------------|------------|------------------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | 2025 |
| Total Operating Revenue | \$794,167 | \$789,304 | \$753,732 | \$846,999 | \$868,736 | \$927,153 | \$942,217 | \$979,593 |
| Operating EBIDA | \$32,920 | \$38,029 | \$6,889 | \$35,294 | \$35,798 | \$74,381 | \$72,728 | \$79,463 |
| Operating Income | (\$41,709) | (\$32,221) | (\$62,999) | (\$33,383) | (\$33,306) | \$5,009 | \$3,296 | \$9,835 |
| Operating Income excl. Interest Expense | (\$11,861) | (\$5,698) | (\$36,081) | (\$7,669) | (\$8,129) | \$29,594 | \$27,254 | \$33,138 |
| Net Income | (\$15,280) | (\$22,507) | (\$13,450) | (\$8,707) | (\$6,113) | \$33,395 | \$33,148 | \$41,186 |
| Unrestricted Cash | \$200,404 | \$212,958 | \$245,707 | \$221,192 | \$226,006 | \$266,704 | \$307,900 | \$352,376 |
| Capital Expenditures | \$21,037 | \$18,702 | \$20,000 | \$30,045 | \$31,000 | \$26,500 | \$27,000 | \$29,500 |
| Profitability | | | | | | | | |
| Operating Margin | (5.3%) | (4.1%) | (8.4%) | (3.9%) | (3.8%) | 0.5% | 0.3% | 1.0% |
| Operating Margin excl. interest expense | (1.5%) | (0.7%) | (4.8%) | (0.9%) | (0.9%) | 3.2% | 2.9% | 3.4% |
| Excess Margin | (1.9%) | (2.9%) | (1.8%) | (1.0%) | (0.7%) | 3.6% | 3.5% | 4.2% |
| Operating EBIDA Margin | 4.1% | 4.8% | 0.9% | 4.2% | 4.1% | 8.0% | 7.7% | 8.1% |
| Debt Position (Includes Arch) | | | | | | | | |
| Debt Service Coverage (x) | 1.3x | 1.4x | 1.4x | 1.5x | 1.6x | 2.6x | 2.6x | 2.8x |
| Total Debt to Capitalization | 80.0% | 83.7% | 85.0% | 85.8% | 86.3% | 81.7% | 77.4% | 72.4% |
| Liquidity | | | | | | | | |
| Cash to Debt | 31.1% | 33.9% | 39.9% | 36.7% | 38.4% | 46.5% | 55.1% | 64.9% |
| Days Cash On Hand (days) | 92.5 | 99.9 | 115.9 | 96.4 | 96.1 | 111.0 | 125.8 | 139.3 |
| Days Cash On Hand (days) - Ex interest | 96.1 | 103.5 | 120.1 | 99.5 | 99.0 | 114.2 | 129.3 | 142.9 |
| Other | | | | | | | | |
| Discharges | 28,441 | 29,434 | 29,423 | 29,531 | 29,640 | 29,011 | 27,927 | 28,435 |
| Adjusted Discharges | 47,659 | 48,327 | 47,041 | 47,414 | 47,869 | 46,164 | 44,258 | 45,065 |
| Cost / Adj Discharge | \$14,567 | \$14,279 | \$15,057 | \$15,109 | \$15,380 | \$16,345 | \$17,390 | \$17,712 |
| Capital Spending Ratio | 47.0% | 42.8% | 46.5% | 69.9% | 70.6% | 59.2% | 59.4% | 63.7% |